



POLE STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL

Sector-7 (Extn.) Gurugram (HR.)

WINTER HOLIDAY'S HOMEWORK

SESSION: 2024-2025

CLASS – VII



Winter vacation is a time to relax and celebrate the time in the company of your family, friends and celebrate New Year with your family. During the winter season, everyone enjoys sweets, cakes, and delicious dishes made by your mother.

Please take note of the following suggestions:

- Encourage your child to converse in English.
- Encourage your child to watch informative program on television.
- Help them revise all the concepts done so far.
- Parents are requested to only guide their children while doing their Sample Paper.

5. An expression in the passage which means 'good effect' is

- (a) Spiritual enjoyment (b) Ennobling influence (c) high ideals (d) Very careful.

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows. (5)

Garbage is a great environment hazard. It comes from various sources—used paper, tiffin packing's, plastic bags, ice-cream wrappers, bottle caps, fallen leaves from trees and many more. Garbage makes the premises ugly, unkempt and breeds diseases.

A lot of trash that is thrown away contain material that can be recycled and reused such as paper, metals and glass which can be sent to the nearest recycling centre or disposed of to the junk dealer. It also contains organic matter such as leaves which can enrich soil fertility. A compost pit can be made at a convenient location where the refuse can be placed with layers of soil and an occasional sprinkling of water. This would help decomposition to make valuable fertilizer. This would also prevent pollution that is usually caused by burning such organic waste.

1: Garbage originates from

- (a) used paper, tiffin, packings, plastic bags and fallen leaves from trees (b) leftovers of food
(c) fallen branches from trees (d) building materials.

2: Garbage can create havoc to the mankind by

- (a) spreading foul smell (b) slowing our vehicles on the road
(c) spreading several diseases (d) all the above.

3: What happens to the disposed material at the recycling centre?

- (a) It is thrown away (b) It is recycled for reuse
(c) It is sold to the rag pickers (d) It is dumped into the ground.

4: Fallen leaves from trees are useful because they

- (a) solve the problem of fuel wood in village households (b) enrich water quality
(c) enrich soil fertility (d) beautify landscape.

5: Which of these is correct with reference to a composite pit?

- (a) The refuge is placed with layers of soil with an occasional sprinkling of water
(b) It contributes to the manufacture of useful fertilizer
(c) It prevents pollution (d) All the above.

SECTION- B (WRITING & GRAMMAR)

3. Write a letter to your friend telling him/her about how you celebrated the New year Eve at a hill town or city. (6)

4. You are Adarsh Srivastava, prefect of silver stone school. Your school is observing cleanliness week. Write a notice to inform all the students and the teachers about it. (6)

5. Write an essay on the topic – Junk food and its harmful effects. (6)

6. Fill in the blanks using appropriate conjunctions.

(5)

- a) Get up _____ you will be late for the meeting.
- b) _____ visit your uncle ____ call him up right now.
- c) Mohan has _____ a sense of humour _____ intelligence.
- d) Mitali loves living in city _____ her sister prefers the countryside.
- e) I like to eat cake ____ pastries.

7. Fill in the blanks with prepositions.

(5)

- a) You will receive your parcel ____ a week.
- b) Sonia went to temple _____ breakfast.
- c) There is a tree _____ of the temple gate.
- d) There is a lizard _____ the wall.
- e) The frog jumped _____ the river.

8. Change the following into passive voice.

(5)

- a) They are planting more trees.
- b) We baked the cake.
- c) I knitted this scarf.
- d) We gave him a cricket.
- e) He gave me a book.

SECTION- C (LITERATURE)

9. Read the extract and answer the questions.

(8)

He wants to know why ice should melt,
Why spiders eat the flies,
Why bees should sting; and why the yeast
Should make the bread dough rise.
Some of his whys are not too hard
To answer, if you'll try;
But others – no one ever yet
Has found the reason why.

- a) Write any two questions asked by the little boy.
- b) write meaning of the word – Dough.
- c) What kind of questions have not been answered yet?
- d) Write the name of the poem and poet.

10. Answer the following questions.

(3x7=21)

- a) Give three causes which can cause a person to have low self-esteem?
- b) How was Mr A help Mr B?
- c) Why did not maggie skate even though she longed to?
- d) How did peggotty help David?
- e) What difficulties did David face while travelling from London to Dover?
- f) Why did king Louis say that only criminals would be allowed to go up in the balloon?
- g) What is the scientific fact behind the rise of the hot air balloon?

11. What does the curious Little boy want to know about these? Complete the statements. (8)

- a) Why wood _____ and lead and marble _____?
- b) What _____ the clouds?
- c) Why flowers _____?
- d) Why the sun _____?
- e) Why rain _____?
- f) Why stars should _____ and winds _____?

पोल स्टार पब्लिक स्कूल सेक्टर 7

एक्सटेंशन गुरुग्राम (हरियाणा)

कक्षा - सातवीं
कुल अंक - 80

अधिन्यास परीक्षा (2024-2025)

विषय - हिंदी
समय : 3 घंटे

सामान्य निर्देश:

1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
2. लेख सुंदर व स्पष्ट लिखे ।

(खंड - क) (अपठित- गद्यांश)

1. नीचे लिखे हुए गद्यांश को पढ़कर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए: (5)

एक तपती दोपहर, सुमन और उसके दोस्तों ने पास के जंगल घूमने का फैसला किया। उन्होंने अपने साथ खाने के लिए कुछ नाश्ता रखा , अपनी लंबी पैदल यात्रा के लिए जूते पहने, और अपने साहसिक कार्य पर निकल पड़े। जैसे ही उन्होंने जंगल में प्रवेश किया, ऊंचे पेड़ों और पक्षियों की मधुर चहचहाहट ने उनका स्वागत किया। उन्होंने एक संकरी पगडंडी पर जाने का निर्णय लिया जो उन्हें जंगल में और अंदर ले गई। सुमन ने रास्ते में खिले हुए रंग-बिरंगे जंगली फूलों को देखा। अचानक उन्हें सरसराहट की आवाज सुनाई दी। उन्होंने पीछे मुड़कर देखा तो झाड़ियों के बीच से एक हिरण शालीनता से उछल रहा था। उत्साह से, उन सबने अपनी खोज जारी रखी और एक ठंडे पानी के झरने के पास आ गए। उन्होंने अपने पैरों को ठंडे पानी में डुबोया और एक-दूसरे पर चंचलता से छींटे मारे। कुछ देर आराम करने के बाद, वे अपने वन भ्रमण की साहसिक यादों को संजोते हुए और अपने ऊपर गर्व महसूस करते हुए घर वापस आ गए।

- (क) सुमन और उसके दोस्तों ने कहाँ घूमने का फैसला किया?
- (ख) सुमन ने जंगल में प्रवेश करते ही क्या सुना?
- (ग) उन्होंने रास्ते में क्या देखा?
- (घ) जब उन्होंने अपनी खोज जारी रखी तो उन्होंने क्या पाया?
- (ङ) सुमन और उसकी सहेलियों को उनके वन साहसिक कार्य के बारे में कैसा लगा?

(खंड - ख) (रचनात्मक कार्य)

2. नीचे लिखे हुए गद्यांश को पढ़कर निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए: (5)

बंदर और खरगोश एक जंगल में रहते थे। वे बहुत अच्छे दोस्त थे और साथ-साथ खेलते रहते थे। एक दिन उन दोनों ने नदी के पास जाकर खेलने की योजना बनाई। उन्होंने पास की एक नदी के पास मजे करने की सोची। वे दोनों नदी के किनारे पहुँचे और मजे करने लगे।

खेलते खेलते बंदर एक पेड़ पर चढ़ गया और खरगोश नदी के किनारे बैठा गया। बंदर ने खरगोश को ऊपर से देखा और बोला, “तुम क्यों नहीं नहा रहे हो ? नदी में तैरना तो बहुत मज़ेदार होता है।” खरगोश ने मुँह बनाते हुए कहा, “मैं तैरना नहीं जानता। मुझे पानी में जाना पसंद नहीं है।”

इसके बाद, बंदर ने खरगोश को नदी में तैरने के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया। खरगोश ने घबराकर कहा, “क्या तम्हे लगता है मुझे पानी में जाना चाहिए? मुझे डर लग रहा है।” बंदर ने खरगोश को शान्त करने की कोशिश की और कहा, “जब तुम कोई नया काम सीखने के लिए तैयार हो, थोड़ा सोचो और आगे बढ़ो। घबराओ मत।” खरगोश ने सोचा और फिर बंदर की बात मान ली।

खरगोश ने नदी में तैरना सीख लिया और वह बंदर के साथ बहुत मज़े करने लगा। वे दोनों बहुत खुश थे क्योंकि खरगोश नया कौशल को सीखने के लिए तैयार था और उन्होंने एक-दूसरे का साथ दिया।

(क) बंदर और खरगोश किस जगह में रहते थे ?

(ख) बंदर और खरगोश ने क्या करने की योजना बनाई?

(ग) खरगोश को नदी में तैरना क्यों पसंद नहीं था?

(घ) बंदर ने खरगोश को कैसे प्रोत्साहित किया?

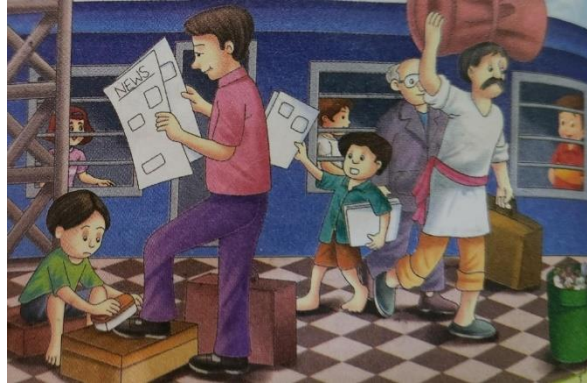
(ङ) जंगल में कौन रहते थे ?

3. अंधेर नगरी चौपट राजा पर कहानी लिखिए।

(5)

4. दिए गए चित्र को देखकर पांच वाक्य में चित्र का वर्णन कीजिए।

(5)



5. मोबाइल फ़ोन बेचने के लिए विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए ।

(5)

अथवा

कंपनी में मार्केटिंग करने के लिए सेल्समैस और सुपरवाइजर्स के लिए एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए ।

6. आप गायन प्रतियोगिता में भाग नहीं ले पा रहे हैं । कारण बताते हुए अध्यापक को ई-मेल लिखिए । (5)

अथवा

अवकाश में अपने मित्र को पंजाब में बुलाने हेतु ई-मेल लिखिए।

(खंड - ग) (अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरण)

7. संबंधबोधक छाँटकर भेद के नाम लिखें -

(2)

(क) मोहन को आम की अपेक्षा सेब पसंद हैं।

(ख) श्रीकृष्ण गायों के साथ जंगल में जाते थे ।

8. नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों को समुच्चयबोधक लगाकर जोड़ें-

(2)

(क) मोहन को बुखार है। वह विश्राम कर रहा है।

(ख) आज मैं मैच खेलने जाऊंगा । मैंने काम जल्दी खत्म कर लिया।

9. विस्मयादि बोधक अव्ययों से रिक्त स्थान भरिए -

(6)

(क)..... कितनी अच्छी खुशबू है।

(ख) कितनी सुंदर हवेली है।

(ग)..... ज़रा बाज़ार से फल ले आओ।

(घ)..... कितना बुरा वक्त चल रहा है।

(ङ) उधर मत जाओ, वहाँ खतरा है।

(च)..... कितनी बदबू आ रही है।

10. नीचे दिए गए शब्दों में मूल शब्द व प्रत्येक अलग-अलग करके लिखिए

(4)

मूल शब्द

प्रत्यय

(क) लालसा

(ख) छतरी

11. समास के कितने भेद हैं?

(1)

12. नीचे लिखें वाक्य पढ़कर बताइए कि रचना के आधार पर यह किस प्रकार के वाक्य है-

(2)

(क)रमेश आया और मोहन चला गया।

(ख) माँ ने खाना बनाया ।

13. नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए -

(4)

हल्का , रक्षक , वीर , नूतन

14 नीचे दिए गए वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए-

(4)

(क) जिसका आरंभ न हो -

(ख) जिसने इंद्रियों को जीत लिया हो -

(ग) दूसरों को अच्छा सोचने वाला -

(घ) साथ काम करने वाला -

15. नीचे दिए गए शब्दों के दो - दो अनेकार्थक शब्द लिखिए (2)

(क) गुण (ख) पक्ष

16. निम्नलिखित विराम चिह्नों के नाम लिखिए - (4)

(क) : (ख) ! (ग) , (घ) ;

17. नीचे लिखे शब्दों के शुद्ध रूप लिख लिखिए- (2)
घृणा , चहिये

18. निम्नलिखित लोकोक्तियों का अर्थ बताइए। (2)

(क) आगे कुआं पीछे खाई
(ख) काला अक्षर भैंस बराबर।

(खंड-घ) (पठित - अवबोधन)

19. शब्दार्थ लिखिए। (3)

कौंचना , नदारद, वितरक, संचित, साँवरिन , प्रतिबंध

20. काव्यांश पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (5)

माँ ये लहरें भी गाती है।
छल- छल के मधुर स्वर में
अपना गीत सुनाती है ।

मैं कब से बुला रही इनको पर मेरे पास नहीं आती।
कुछ खेल खेलती इसलिए तट तक आकर फिर भाग जाती ।
मैं चलूँ , साथ खेल इनके देखो ये मुझे बुलाती हैं। माँ ! ये लहरें भी गाती हैं।

(क) लहरें क्या और किस प्रकार सुनती है?

(i) कल-कल मधुर गीत (ii) कटुवचन (iii) मधुभाषा

(ख) कौन किसे बुला रहा है?

(i) माँ बच्चों को (ii) कवि लहरों को (iii) बच्चा माँ को

(ग) कोई क्या चाहता है?

(i) कवि लहरों के साथ खेलना चाहता है।

(ii) लहरों को बुलाना चाहता है।

(iii) लहरों के खेल देखना चाहता है।

(घ) इस पर पद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक क्या होगा?

(i) कविता

(ii) लहरें

(iii) खेल इस

18. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों की उत्तर दीजिए।

(2)

(क) लड़के को थप्पड़ मारने की इच्छा होने पर भी लेखक ने ऐसा क्यों नहीं किया?

(ख) डा कलाम साहब की शिक्षा कहाँ - कहाँ हुई?

19. कथा मंजूषा :-

(1+2+2=5)

(क) बीरबल ने मीठी नींद आने का क्या कारण बताया ?

(ख) राजा किस तोते की आवाज सुनकर डर कर भाग गया और क्यों?

(ग) भूलोक पर आते समय नारद मुनि की मन की दशा का वर्णन करें ।

POLE STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL
SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA
SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025)

Class: VII
M.M : 80

Subject: Maths
Time : 3Hours

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are compulsory.
- Write the serial number of question before attempting.
- Revise the paper before submitting.

SECTION – A [1 MARKS EACH]

Multiple Choice questions

1. A boy earns x rupees in a month and spend y rupees in that month. His saving for the month are
 - a) $x+y$
 - b) $x-y$
 - c) $y-x$
 - d) $-x-y$
2. $x^2 - 2xy$ is a
 - a) Monomial
 - b) Binomial
 - c) Trinomial
 - d) none
3. The ratio of 2 minutes to 1 hour is
 - a) 1: 30
 - b) 2:1
 - c) 1:2
 - d) 30:1
4. If 25% of x is 500, then x is
 - a) 20,000
 - b) 2,000
 - c) 200
 - d) 5,000
5. 0.75 is equal to
 - a) 75 per cent
 - b) 7.5%
 - c) $\frac{7}{5}$ per cent
 - d) none
6. One angle is 75° , its complement angle equal to
 - a) 15°
 - b) 20°
 - c) 105°
 - d) 90°
7. An angle equal to its supplementary angle is
 - a) 0°
 - b) 180°
 - c) 45°
 - d) 90°
8. If a transversal intersects a pair of parallel lines
 - a) corresponding angles are equal
 - b) alternate interior angles are equal
 - c) none of them are correct
 - d) both (a) and (b) are correct
9. If the side of square is doubled, its area is
 - a) doubled
 - b) remains same
 - c) becomes four times
 - d) None of these
10. Area of a circle of radius 7cm is
 - a) 49 cm^2
 - b) 54 cm^2
 - c) 136 cm^2
 - d) 154 cm^2
11. Two angle of a triangle is 45° and 60° . What will be the third angle?
 - a) 75°
 - b) 95°
 - c) 49°
 - d) 55°
12. Sum of co-interior angle is
 - a) 360°
 - b) 180°
 - c) 270°
 - d) none
13. A triangle having none of its sides equal is
 - a) equilateral triangle
 - b) right triangle
 - c) scalene triangle
 - d) isosceles
14. The straight path A to B is called

a) line

b) ray

c) angle

d) line segment

15. The length of boundary of a closed figure is its

a) area

b) length

c) breadth

d) perimeter

16. The perimeter of side of a square of side x m is

a) $3x$

b) $2x$

c) $4x$

d) $8x$

17. A triangle has _____ element.

a) six

b) four

c) three

d) two

18. What is the measure of the angle opposite to hypotenuse?

a) 60°

b) 90°

c) 45°

d) 120°

In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct option from the following option:

- a) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
- b) Both Assertion and Reason are true and Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.
- c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
- d) Assertion is false but Reason is true.

19. Assertion: The lengths 3cm, 9cm, 2cm can form a triangle

Reason: Sum of any two sides of a triangle is greater than its third side.

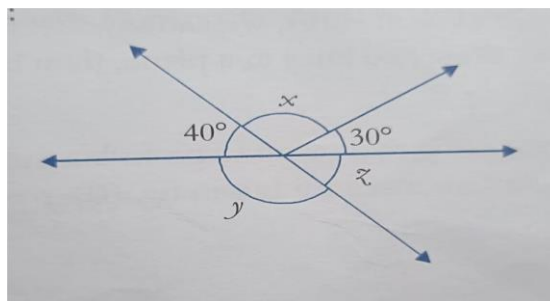
20. Assertion: A circle is a polygon.

Reason: A polygon is made up of only line segment.

SECTION -B [2 MARKS EACH]

21. Area of a rectangular plot is 880 m^2 and its length is 44m. Find its perimeter. Also, find the cost the fencing it at the rate of 5 per meter.

22. Determine the value of x , y and z in the following figure:



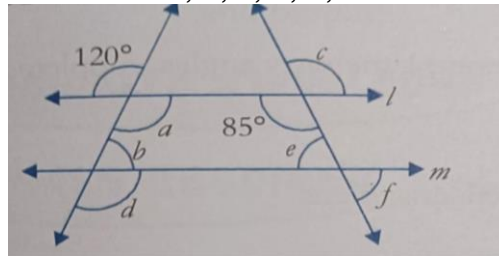
23. There are 120 voters, 90 of them voted in favour of candidate A. What percent of candidates voted in favour of A?

24. What should be added to $4x^2 - 5xy + 7$ to get $-3x^2 + 4xy - 5$?

25. Draw a line say AB, take a point C outside it. Through C, draw a line parallel to AB by using ruler and compass.

SECTION - C [3 MARKS EACH]

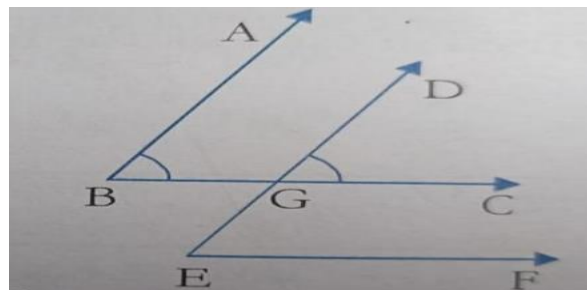
26. In the given figure $l \parallel m$. Find the values of a, b, c, d, e, f . Give reasons.



27. A window is in the shape of a semicircle having its diameter as 140cm. Find the cost of framing the window at the rate of 5 per cm. Also find the cost of putting glass at the rate of 31 per cm.
28. How long will it take for ₹3500 to become ₹3850 if the interest is charged at the rate of 2% per annum?
29. Simplify the expression and find its value when $x = -3$
 $2(x^2 + 2xy) + 5 - xy + y^2$
30. Kritika bought a car for ₹3,50,000. The next year, the price went up to ₹3,70,000. What was the percentage of price increased?
31. From the sum of $4+3x$ and $5-4x+2x^2$, subtract the sum of $3x^2-5x$ and $-x^2+2x+5$.

SECTION - D [5 MARKS EACH]

- 32.(a) The diameter of two circular rings are 7cm and 12cm. Find the ratio of their circumferences.
- (b) The arms of two angles are parallel. If $\angle GEF = 58^\circ$, then find
- (i) $\angle DGC$ (ii) $\angle ABC$ (iii) $\angle EGC$



33. Construct a ΔPQR if $PQ = 5\text{cm}$, $\angle Q = 105^\circ$ and $\angle R = 40^\circ$.
34. A ladder 15m long reaches a window which is 9m above the ground on one side of a street keeping its foot at the same point, the ladder is turned to other side of the street to reach the windows 12m high. Find the width of the street.
35. In ΔABC , altitudes are drawn from vertices B to AC and A to BC respectively such that $BL = CM$. Prove that $\Delta BCM \cong \Delta CBL$.

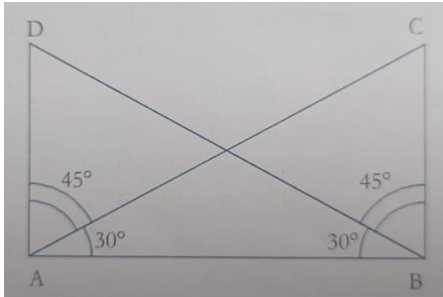
SECTION - E [4 MARKS EACH]

36. Kritika has a wire in the shape of a circle of radius 4cm. She wanted to bent the same wire in the shape of a square of side 5cm.

Based on the information, answer the following question:

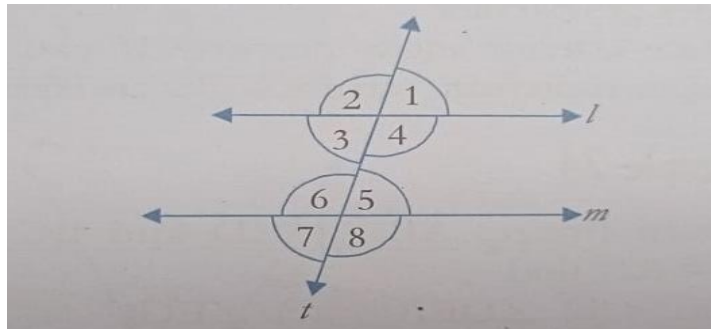
- (i) Is kritika able to do bent the wire in the shape of square?
- (ii) What is the area of circle?
- (iii) What is the area of square?
- (iv) What is the perimeter of circle?

37. In the adjoining figure, identify the following:



- (i) How many triangle are there in the given figure?
- (ii) Show that $\triangle ADB \cong \triangle BCA$
- (iii) Write the criteria for congruence.

38. In the adjoining figure, identify the following:



- (i) A pair of corresponding angles
- (ii) A pair of vertically opposite angles.
- (iii) Angle alternate to $\angle 1$
- (iv) Angle alternate to $\angle 4$

POLE STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL
SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA
SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025)

Class- VII
M.M- 80

Subject- Science
Time- 3Hours

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C and D. There are 38 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- Section–A – question no. 1 to 17 – all questions and parts thereof are of one mark each.
- Section–B – question no. 18 to 25 are short answer type questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- Section–C – question no. 26 to 33 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- Section–D – question no. – 34 to 38 are long answer type questions carrying 4 marks each.
- There is no overall choice. However, internal choices have been provided in some questions. A student has to attempt only one of the alternatives in such questions.
- Wherever necessary, neat and properly labelled diagrams should be drawn

SECTION- A

Multiple choice questions

1. Which of these is formed as a result of an aerobic respiration?
(i) energy (ii) carbon dioxide
(iii) energy and ethyl alcohol (iv) energy, carbon dioxide and ethyl alcohol
2. Which of the following is a water- borne disease?
(i) Tuberculosis (ii) Asthma (iii) Cancer (iv) Cholera
3. Which of these does transpiration help in?
(i) Cooling the plant body (ii) helping in exchange of gases
(iii) creating a low pressure to pull up water and minerals up the stems (iv) all of these
4. Which of these is an example of a bulb?
(i) potato (ii) onion (iii) gladiolus (iv) ginger
5. Which of these is not a part of pistil of a flower?
(i) stigma (ii) stamen (iii) style (iv) ovary
6. What does an hourglass use to measure time?
(i) the angle of the sun. (ii) the to and fro movement of a pendulum.
(iii) the amount of sand streaming down. (iv) the angle of moon.
7. Which out of the following is an alternative method of sewage disposal ?
(i) sewer system (ii) vermi-composting toilets
(iii) biogas plants (iv) both b and c

8. What is correct about virtual image?
(i) It can be formed on a screen. (ii) It cannot be formed on my screen.
(iii) It can be formed on a rough surface. (iv) both a and c.
9. What is the reflection from an irregular surface called?
(i) spherical reflection (ii) diffused reflection
(iii) irregular reflection (iv) both a and b
10. Which of these affects the type of trees and animals found in forest?
(i) climate (ii) topography (iii) soil type (iv) all of these
11. Which of these gives us Ayurvedic medicines?
(i) Sal, mahogany and teak (ii) Rubber and bamboo
(iii) Eucalyptus, amla and cinchona (iv) Coconut and palm
12. What is a drawing of an electric circuit with standard symbols called?
(i) An electric circuit (ii) A battery (iii) An electric drawing (iv) A circuit diagram
13. At what temperature will water turn into ice?
(i) Above 100 °c (ii) 25 °c (iii) 100 °c (iv) 0 °c
14. Which of these are common plant wastes?
(i) Latex (ii) Gum (iii) Resins (iv) All of these
15. Which out of the following methods can be used to dispose sludge?
(i) Incineration (ii) Addition of chlorine (iii) Aeration (iv) Sedimentation
16. In a food chain, what are bacteria and fungi referred as ?
(i) Producers (ii) Consumers (iii) Decomposers (iv) Scavengers

17. Study the given case and answer the given questions-

India has launched central satellite over the few decades. Saturday's performed married functions. One such function is weather monitoring. Search a satellite is called meteorological satellite. Two satellites of India INSAT 3A and Kalpana -1 are used by the metrology department to get data to monitor and predict the weather condition of different regions of country. Data provided by the satellite are in the form of images of the cloud temperature, humidity, wind direction, fog, thunderstorm etc. These satellite images also help the metrology department track dangerous weather conditions like cyclone and give early warning to people living in areas that may be affected.

- (a) What is a meteorological satellite?
(b) Name two metrological satellite.
(c) What kind of data do we get from satellites?
(d) In what way is this data helpful?

SECTION- B

18. State one difference between concave mirror and convex mirror. Give one use of it.
19. What are decomposers? Name any two of them.
20. Write one difference between uniform and non- uniform motion. Give one example of each also.

POLE STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL
SECTOR-7 EXTN.GURUGRAM, HARYANA
SAMPLE PAPER (2024-2025)

Class: VII

**Subject: Social
Science**
Time : 3Hours

M.M : 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- This paper is divided into five sections: A, B, C , D & E. All questions are compulsory.
- Separate instructions are given with each section and question wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them.
- Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION-A

1. Multiple choice questions

(1x20=20)

- a) The Munda and Santhal tribes belong to
(i) Odisha and Bengal (ii) Bengal ,Manipur (iii) Punjab (iv) West Bengal
- b) Rani Durgawati was the tribal queen of
(i) Gonds (ii) Ahoms (iii) Santhals (iv) None of these
- c) In the ancient times, the Hindu society was divided into
(i) 2 (ii) 3 (iii) 4 (iv) 5
- d) Who is known as shepherd tribes
(i) Gaddis (ii) Bhils. (iii) Cheros (iv) None of these
- e) Shankara was born in
(i) Kerala (ii) Tamil Nadu (iii) Andhra Pradesh (iv) Punjab
- f) Ravidas,a Bhakti saint belonged to the _____class
(i) brahmanas (ii) vaishnavas (iii) untouchable (iv) None of these
- g) Guru Nanak was born in the
(i) Talwandi (ii) Maharashtra (iii) Uttar Pradesh (iv) Haryana
- h) Tulsidas composed
(i) Ramacharitmanas (ii) Ramayana (iii) Mahabharata (iv) All of these
- i) Earliest settlement grew around
(i) river banks (ii) forested area (iii) plains (iv) Hilles
- j) In India, densest network of roads is found in the
(i) Peninsular region. (ii) Northern Plains (iii) Thar desert (iv) South Northern Plains
- k) The sunderban delta is formed by the rivers
(i) Ganga and Yamuna (ii) Brahmaputra and Ganga (iii) Damodar and Ganga (iv) None of these
- l) The climate in Amazon basin is
(i)hot and wet (ii)cool and dry (iii) hot (iv) None of these

- m) Which river is also known as Tsangpo in Tibet
 (i) Brahmaputra (ii) Ganga (iii) Yamuna (iv) All of these
- n) The grassland in South Africa is known as
 (i) Prairies (ii) Velds (iii) Steppes (iv) None of these
- o) The main occupation in velds is
 (i) animal rearing (ii) mining (iii) both (i) & (ii) (iv) both (iii) & (i)
- p) The type of farming practised in prairies is _____
 (i) commercial farming (ii) Mixed farming (iii) Dairy farming (iv) All of these
- q) PHC stand for
 (i) Primary Health Centre (ii) Public Health Centre (iii) Primary Hospital Centre (iv) None of these
- r) What is meant by media
 (i) All types of communication (ii) plural form of medium (iii) state in the local fair (iv) both (i) & (ii)
- s) Boys in the media are often portrayed as
 (i) quiet (ii) passive (iii) active (iv) both a and b
- t) The system of social structures and practices in which men dominate, oppress and exploit women.
 (i) Matriarchy (ii) Patriarchy (iii) Discrimination (iv) both a and c

SECTION- B

Answer the following questions briefly:

(2x4=8)

2. What are tribal people?
3. Who was Guru Nanak?
4. Why are the prairies called the 'Granary of the World'?
5. Define communicable diseases.

SECTION-C

Answer the following questions in detail.

(3x4=12)

6. How did the Gonds assert their independence?
7. What were the main features of Shankara's Advaita Philosophy?
8. Why is life in the Amazon Basin changing?
9. List out the constitutional measures that help to ensure health for all.

SECTION - D

Answer the following long questions.

(5x4=20)

10. Why was Tipu regarded as the most dangerous enemy to British?
11. Difference between The Amazon Basin and The Ganga- Brahmaputra Basin.
12. Mention some of the measures taken by the Government to improve public health care system in India.
13. Explain the concept of glass ceiling and reverse glass ceiling.

SECTION - E (CASE-BASED QUESTIONS)

15. Read the following case study and answer the questions:

(5)

One of the earliest and most influential bhakti Saints of north India was Kabir. The son of a Hindu widow, he was brought up in the House of a Muslim weaver where he learned the profession of weaving. He resided in Benaras where he came in contact with both Hindu and Muslim Saints. He believed in one God whom he called by several names such as Govinda, Hari, Sain, Sahib, Allah and Rama. He was against idol worship rituals and pilgrimages because he believed in the equality of all human beings, he opposes all kinds of discrimination, rejected caste superstitions and the practice of untouchability. He felt that a person can be reformed under the guidance of a guru or teacher. Kabir priest humanity, reverence, peace and love as necessary attributes to achieve unity with God. His self composed couplets called dohas enlighten us about his life and philosophy. The principal tenets of Kabir teachings are collected in Bijaka.

- a) Who was Kabir?
- b) To which religion did Kabir belong?
- c) Describe the qualities of Kabir.
- d) What were the beliefs of Kabir?
- e) What were the preachings of Kabir?

16. Read the following case study and answer the questions:

(5)

Writing a balanced report, however, depends on the media being independent. An independent media means that no one should control and influence its coverage of news. No one should tell the media what can be included and what should not be included in a news story. An independent media is important in a democracy. However, the reality is that media is far from independent. This is mainly because of two reasons. The first is the control that the government has on the media. When the government prevents either a news item, or scenes from a movie, or the lyrics of a song from being shared with the larger public, this is referred to as censorship. There have been periods in Indian history when the government censored the media. The worst of these was the Emergency between 1975–1977.

- a) Writing a balanced report depends on what criteria of Media.
- b) What does an independent media mean?
- c) In reality is media independent?
- d) ——— has control on media.
- e) What do you mean by the term censorship?

17. Describe the life in tropical region with the help of Amazon Basin and Brahmaputra Basin.

(5)

18. Locate the number bhakti saint and places where they spread their teaching?

(5)

पोल स्टार पब्लिक स्कूल सैक्टर 7

एक्सटेंशन गुरुग्राम (हरियाणा)

कक्षा - सातवीं

सामयिक परीक्षा - 4 (2024-2025)

विषय - संस्कृत

कुल अंक : 40

समय: 1 घंटा

सामान्य निर्देश :-

- सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
- लेख सुंदर व स्पष्ट हो।

खंड - क (अपठित अवबोधनम्)

1. गद्यांशं पठित्वा अधोलिखितानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

(5)

रामायणम् महाभारतम् च द्वे महाकाव्ये संस्कृत-साहित्यस्य। एतौ ग्रन्थौ भारतीय-संस्कृतेः आधारस्तम्भौ। आदिकाव्यं रामायणम् ऋषेः वाल्मीकेः रचना अस्ति। इदम् काव्यम् अष्टेषु अध्यायेषु वर्तते। ऋषिः वाल्मीकिः आदिकविः कथ्यते। महाभारतस्य रचयिता ऋषिः वेदव्यासः। महाभारतं नाम महाकाव्यम्। विश्व-कोषः इति कथ्यते। 'यत् इह अस्ति न तत् अन्यत्र' इति मन्यते। अयं ग्रन्थः शतसहस्र-श्लोकेषु निबद्धः। विश्व-प्रसिद्ध श्रीमद्भगवद्गीता अस्य महाकाव्यस्य अंशः अस्ति। गीतायाम् श्रीकृष्णः अर्जुनाय उपदिशति- 'कर्तव्य-भावेन स्वकर्तव्यं कुरु, कर्म-फलस्य आशाम् मा कुरु'। एषः उपदेशः जनानां हितकरः।।

(क) रामायणं कस्य रचना ?

(ख) ऋषिः वेदव्यासः कस्य रचयिता ?

(ग) कः आदिकविः कथ्यते ?

(घ) किं नाम महाकाव्यं विश्वकोषः कथ्यते ?

(ङ) श्रीकृष्णः अर्जुनाय किम् उपदिशति ?

2. गद्यांशं पठित्वा अधोलिखितानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

(5)

प्रातः काल अति सुखकरः भवति। खगाः मधुरं कूजन्ति। उद्यानेषु पुष्पाणि विकसन्ति। पवनः सुगन्धः शुद्धः च अस्ति। जनाः भ्रमणाय व्यायामाय वा गच्छन्ति। यदा पूर्वस्यां दिशायाम् सूर्यः उदयं गच्छति तदा क्षितिजस्य शोभा दर्शनीया भवति। एतत् मनोहरं दृश्यम् दृष्ट्वा चित्तम् प्रसन्नम् भवति। प्रातः सर्वे जनाः स्व-स्व-कार्यम् उल्लासेन कुर्वन्ति। परम् अलसाः सुप्ताः सन्ति। छात्राः प्रसन्नमुखेन विद्यालयम् पठनाय गच्छन्ति। सर्वे नवजीवनम् अनुभवन्ति।

(क) प्रातःकाल कीदृशः भवति?

- (ख) के मधुरं कुजन्ति?
 (ग) जनाः किमर्थम् गच्छन्ति?
 (घ) सर्वे किम् अनुभवन्ति?
 (ङ) छात्राः प्रातः किम् कुर्वन्ति?

3. चित्रं दृष्ट्वा पदानि संयोज्य वाक्यानि लिखत।

(5)

(कन्दुकेन , क्रीडाक्षेत्रम् , वृद्धः , बालकाः , हिन्दोले , भ्रमन्ति , शुद्धं , वातावरणम्)



(खंड- ग) अनुप्रयुक्त- व्याकरणम्

4. अपठित - अवबोधनम् उत्तराणि लिखत।

(5)

भारतस्य उत्तरस्यां दिशि हिमालयो नाम नगाधिराजः वर्तते। अयं हि पर्वतः जगतः सर्वेषु पर्वतेषु उच्चतमः श्रेष्ठश्च। अतएव अयं पर्वतराजः कथ्यते। अस्य शिखराणि सर्वदा हिमेनाच्छादितानि भवन्ति। गंगा-यमुना- शतद्रुः आदयः नद्यः हिमालयादेव निस्सरन्ति, भारतभुवं च सिञ्चन्ति ।

- (क) नगाधिराजः कः कथ्यते ?
 (ख) गंगा-यमुना- आदयः नद्यः कुतः निस्सरन्ति ?
 (ग) हिमालयः पर्वतराजः किमर्थं कथ्यते ?
 (घ) 'पर्वतेषु' अत्र का विभक्तिः किं च वचनं ?
 (ङ) 'शिखराणि' अत्र किं लिंगम् ?

5. अशुद्धिशोधनम् कुरुत।

(5)

अशुद्ध

शुद्ध

- (क) अहम् कवितां स्मराव।
 (ख) यूयम् विद्यालयं गच्छन्ति।
 (ग) अश्वाः जलं पिबति।

(घ) अहं पाठः अस्मरत्।

(ङ) त्वम् आगच्छतु।

6. 'कृ' धातुरूपाणि 'लृट्, लोट् लकारः' नामानि लिखत। (6)

7. शब्दार्थाः लिखत। (2)

खलाः , शोभनं , पिपीलिकाः , त्वग्वस्त्रधारी

8. रेखांकितपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्न निर्माण कुरुत। (5)

(क) रिया मातरं पृच्छति ।

(ख) अहं भोजनाय स्पृहयामि ।

(ग) माता ज्वरात् बिभेति।

(घ) गृहे अनुजः निजकार्यं करोति।

(ङ) राघवः मित्रैः सह उद्यानं अगच्छत् ?

9. पदपरिचयं कुरुत । (2)

(क) क्रुध्यन्ति =

(ख) श्रृणोतु =

DRAWING

Collage (mix media), Yarned Animal Page no. 40,41